

2-D Wiener Deconvolution Filter

f_11-19.MCD

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N := 16 u := 0..N v := 0..N A := 30 N0 := 1 C := 1 σ := .25·N τ := .5·N fc := .6·N

Define signal and noise spectra and the MTF:

$$P_{s_{u,v}} := A \cdot \exp\left[\frac{-(u-\tau)^2 - (v-\tau)^2}{2 \cdot \sigma^2}\right]$$

$$P_{n_{u,v}} := N0$$

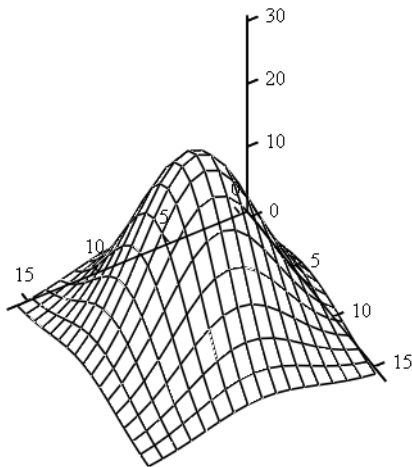
$$P_{n_{0,0}} := 0$$

$$OTF(u,v) := \left(\frac{1}{.571}\right) \cdot \left(\operatorname{acos}\left(\frac{\sqrt{u \cdot u + v \cdot v}}{fc}\right) - \sin\left(\operatorname{acos}\left(\frac{\sqrt{u \cdot u + v \cdot v}}{fc}\right)\right)\right)$$

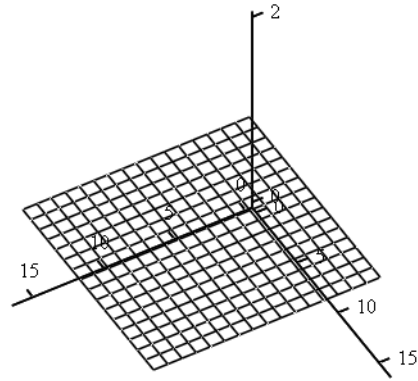
$$F_{u,v} := OTF(u-\tau, v-\tau)$$

The Wiener filter transfer function is:

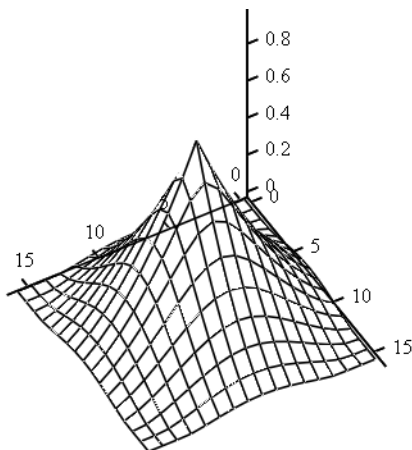
$$H_{u,v} := \frac{F_{u,v} \cdot P_{s_{u,v}}}{(F_{u,v})^2 \cdot P_{s_{u,v}} + P_{n_{u,v}}}$$



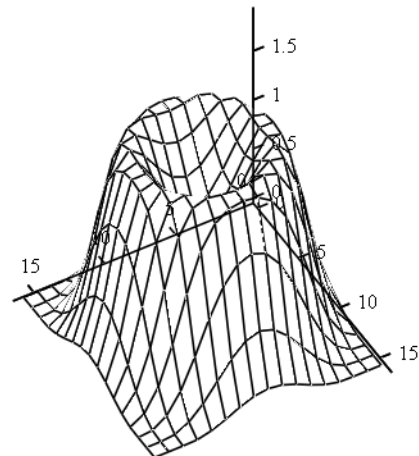
Ps



Pn



F



H

Figure 11-19, 2-D Wiener deconvolution